

# GRAPEVINE

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Page 1547

## TIMELY DATA CIRCULATED WHILE CURRENT

Reports on state tax legislation; state appropriations for universities, colleges, and junior colleges; legislation affecting education beyond the high school.

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\* \* \* \* \*

"There is a limitless amount that needs to be done in this country and throughout the world; . . . and a limitless human resource that wants very much to be used in developing our potential."

-- Willard Wirtz, in commencement address at the  
Ohio State University, May 1977

\* \* \* \* \*

Table 74. FIFTY STATES SHOW WEIGHTED AVERAGE TWO-YEAR GAIN OF 22 PER CENT IN APPROPRIATIONS OF STATE TAX FUNDS FOR ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES OF HIGHER EDUCATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 1978-79 (in thousands of dollars).

States	Year 1968-69	Year 1976-77	Year 1978-79	2-yr gain per cent	10-yr gain per cent
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Forty-six states previously reported*					
Forty-six states	4,728,674	12,751,093	15,507,864	22	228
Alabama	58,462	268,919	374,332	39	540
Florida	156,645	434,857	535,809	23	242
Massachusetts	69,097	242,316	273,333	13	296
South Carolina	49,308	210,239	265,076	26	437
Totals	5,062,186	13,907,424	16,956,414		
Weighted average percentages of gain				22	235

\*See GRAPEVINE, table 67, page 1542 (September 1978).

MASSACHUSETTS. The tabulation for 1978-79 appears as Table 78 on page 1550 of this issue. It is necessary to note that the total of \$273,333,000 somewhat understates the situation in comparison with most other states because it does not include estimates of appropriated funds that will accrue to faculties and staffs as fringe benefits. Table 78 is, however, comparable with Massachusetts' reports for earlier years, and the percentages of gain are not understated.

Also appropriated but not reported is a Private College Matching Scholarship Program of \$3½ million, half of which may be used by colleges for non-scholarship purposes. Also a salary reserve fund of \$25 million has been set aside for funding collective bargaining agreements that may be signed during fiscal year 1978-79.

Lastly the public institutions received special appropriations aggregating \$4½ million for purchase of library books and periodicals. While not technically an annual operating appropriation, this will to some extent substitute for operating funds that formerly had to be used for books; and will enable improvements in the institutions' work, and tend to raise their quality and capabilities.

PENNSYLVANIA. Table 75 supplements Table 64, page 1539, GRAPEVINE (August 1978):

Table 75. State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education for the Pennsylvania State Colleges and University, fiscal year 1978-79, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions (1)	Sums appropriated (2)
State-owned institutions -	
Indiana U of Pa	22,073
West Chester	18,415
Edinboro	15,197
Slippery Rock	14,236
California	13,653
Millersville	13,369
Clarion	12,725
Bloomsburg	12,543
Shippensburg	12,523
Kutztown	11,743
East Stroudsburg	9,633
Mansfield	9,317
Cheyney	8,301
Lock Haven	7,417
Unallocated	155
Subtotal, St-owned - \$181,300	

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ALABAMA. Appropriations of state tax funds for operating expenses of higher education, fiscal year 1978-79:

Table 76. State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Alabama, fiscal year 1978-79, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions (1)	Sums appropriated (2)
U of Alabama	
Tuscaloosa	38,953
Birmingham	28,905
School of Medicine	16,199
School of Dentistry	6,938
School of Optometry	2,022
University hospitals	5,907
Subtotal, U of A, B -	\$59,971
Huntsville	10,402
Subtotal, U of A -	\$109,326
Auburn University	
Main campus	37,834
Coop extension service	7,894
Coop extension, retirement	1,023
Ag experiment station	7,224
Subtotal, AU, MC -	\$53,974
Montgomery campus	5,809
Subtotal, AU -	\$59,783
U of South Alabama	11,406
College of medicine	8,259
U hospital, clinics, programs	2,632
Subtotal, U of SA -	\$22,297
Jacksonville State U	11,075
Alabama A & M	8,350
Troy State U	7,937
Alabama State U	7,368
U of North Alabama	7,018
U of Montevallo	5,369
Livingston U	3,230
Athens State College	1,500
Junior colleges	40,000
Voc-technical schools	32,976
Private institutions	2,485
Medical scholarships	555
Dental scholarships	228
Sylacauga nursing	58
Hemophilia treatment	300
Marine environ sci consortium	569
Commission on Higher Ed	407
Student assist program	1,318
Student grant program	3,000
So Region Ed Board	182
Retirement, soc security (est)	49,000
Total	374,332

FLORIDA. Appropriations of state tax funds for operating expenses of higher education, fiscal year 1978-79:

Table 77. State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Florida, fiscal year 1978-79, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions (1)	Sums appropriated (2)
U of Florida	60,471
Health Center	25,579
Teaching hospital & clinics	7,528
Inst of Food & Ag Sciences	39,012
Engineer & Industry Exper Sta	1,285
Veterinary medicine	4,644
Subtotal, U of F -	\$138,519
U of South Florida	38,539
Medical center	13,469
Subtotal, U of S F -	\$52,008
Florida State U	48,032
Florida International U	21,155
Florida Technological U	19,261
Florida Atlantic U	14,445
Florida A & M University	13,365
U of West Florida	11,450
U of North Florida	8,454
System reserve	650
Board of Regents	4,977
SREB	1,046
Comm hospital education program	3,307
Private institutions -	
U of Miami Med School	5,836
State aid to community colls	193,304
Total	535,809

REGIONAL COOPERATION IN GRADUATE AND PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION IN THE WEST

The Western Interstate Commission on Higher Education is initiating a project on a two-year grant from Carnegie Corporation of New York to assist the universities of the 13 westernmost states to plan advanced graduate and professional education from a regional perspective.

A flier describing the project and its activities may be had from Richard W. Jonsen, Project Director, WICHE, Post Office Drawer P, Boulder, Colorado 80302.

WICHE has for several years conducted an interstate student exchange program involving some of the aims envisioned.

MASSACHUSETTS. Appropriations of state tax funds for operating expenses of higher education, fiscal year 1978-79:

Table 78. State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in Massachusetts, fiscal year 1978-79, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions (1)	Sums appropriated (2)
U of Massachusetts	
Amherst	77,400
Boston	21,700
Med Sch & hospital, Worcester	14,641
Office of President	1,027
<u>Subtotal, U of M - \$114,768</u>	
State Colleges -	
Boston	10,000
Salem	9,500
Bridgewater	8,330
Fitchburg	7,500
Worcester	6,049
Westfield	5,485
Framingham	5,456
North Adams	4,039
Mass Maritime Academy	3,230
Mass College of Art	2,720
Board of Trustees	984
<u>Subtotal, S C's - \$63,293</u>	
University of Lowell	18,183
Southeastern Mass U	12,399
Community colleges -	
Springfield Tech	5,321
North Shore	4,504
Holyoke	4,355
North Essex	4,269
Massasoit	3,508
Bristol	3,250
Bunker Hill	3,227
Quinsigamond	3,014
Mass Bay	2,970
Mount Wachusett	2,884
Cape Cod	2,850
Berkshire	2,664
Greenfield	2,544
Middlesex	2,080
Roxbury	1,465
Board of Reg Comm Coll	1,000
<u>Subtotal, cc's - \$49,905</u>	

MASSACHUSETTS (Cont from preceding col)

Board of Higher Education	770
Scholarships, general	13,000
Medical, dental, nursing	500
Special ed	15
Consortium	150
Merit	325
Child, police, firefighter killed	25
<u>Total</u>	<u>273,333</u>

See first column of page 1548, this issue.

SOUTH CAROLINA. Appropriations of state tax funds for operating expenses of higher education, fiscal year 1978-79:

Table 79. State tax-fund appropriations for operating expenses of higher education in South Carolina, fiscal year 1978-79, in thousands of dollars.

Institutions (1)	Sums appropriated (2)
U of So Carolina, Main Campus	56,213
Medical school, main campus	2,990
Spartanburg campus	3,552
Coastal campus	2,750
Aiken campus	2,586
Two-year campus	2,455
<u>Subtotal, U of SC - \$70,546</u>	
Clemson U	32,935
Ag research, exten, inspection	18,327
<u>Subtotal, CU - \$51,262</u>	
Medical U of S C	40,441
Hospital & clinics	13,012
<u>Subtotal, MUSC - \$53,453</u>	
S C State Coll	8,700
College of Charleston	8,654
Winthrop College	7,978
The Citadel	6,840
Francis Marion College	4,383
Lander College	3,165
<u>Subtotal, s c's - \$39,720</u>	
Comm on Higher Ed, admin	594
Scholarships, loans, SREB	812
<u>Subtotal, CHE - \$1,406</u>	
Grants to private college students	9,355
Board, Tech & Comp Educ	39,334
<u>Total</u>	<u>265,076</u>

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NEW YORK. In mid-August 1978 Mayor Koch of New York City announced that Harold Howe, 3d, well-known former U.S. Commissioner of Education, had been hired to undertake a review of the new master plan of the 18-campus City University of New York.

Normally a master plan is revised every four years, and its path is from the Chancellor of the City University to the City Board of Higher Education to the Regents of the University of the State of New York and State Board of Education (the ponderous title is all in one piece), at Albany.

Apparently the mayor, the president of the city council, and the city comptroller are somewhat inclined to balk at the City University's plan to construct many plant improvements, including a new plant for York College, its campus in Jamaica, Queens. (Currently the city pays half of the University's debt service, but only about 22 per cent of its annual operating expenses.)

There were also intimations that the city authorities want to consider contracting with private colleges and universities for some of the services the City University now offers. These developments drew an emphatic letter from Chancellor Robert J. Kibbee of the City University to the mayor.

The Chancellor chafed at the delay that would inevitably be caused by the review, and is said to have suggested that the mayor and his associates were willing to "abandon or dismember" the University.

He was quoted in the press as having written, "Do they believe that the City University is a vital public asset, or do they view it merely as an instrument for serving those whom the city's private institutions cannot or will not serve or for providing those programs and services which private institutions choose to forego?"

Chancellor Kibbee expressed respect for Harold Howe and confidence in his

integrity, and agreed to cooperate in the review of the master plan, much as he doubted the wisdom of the delay entailed.

The mayor also received an angry protesting letter from the president of the borough of Queens, who said postponement of construction at York College was "outrageous" and the construction of the campus is vital to retaining existing businesses and customers, encouraging present businesses to improve their facilities, attracting new businesses and other job-producing developments.

The City University of New York is the only municipal university in the United States, though some big cities such as Chicago and Los Angeles have one or several large two-year community colleges named "city colleges." (Others such as Cleveland and St. Louis have community college systems with three or more campuses which are "municipal colleges" in the sense that they are based on the city or the city and county as a local taxing district and are in part financed by local taxation, as well as being largely locally controlled and operated.)

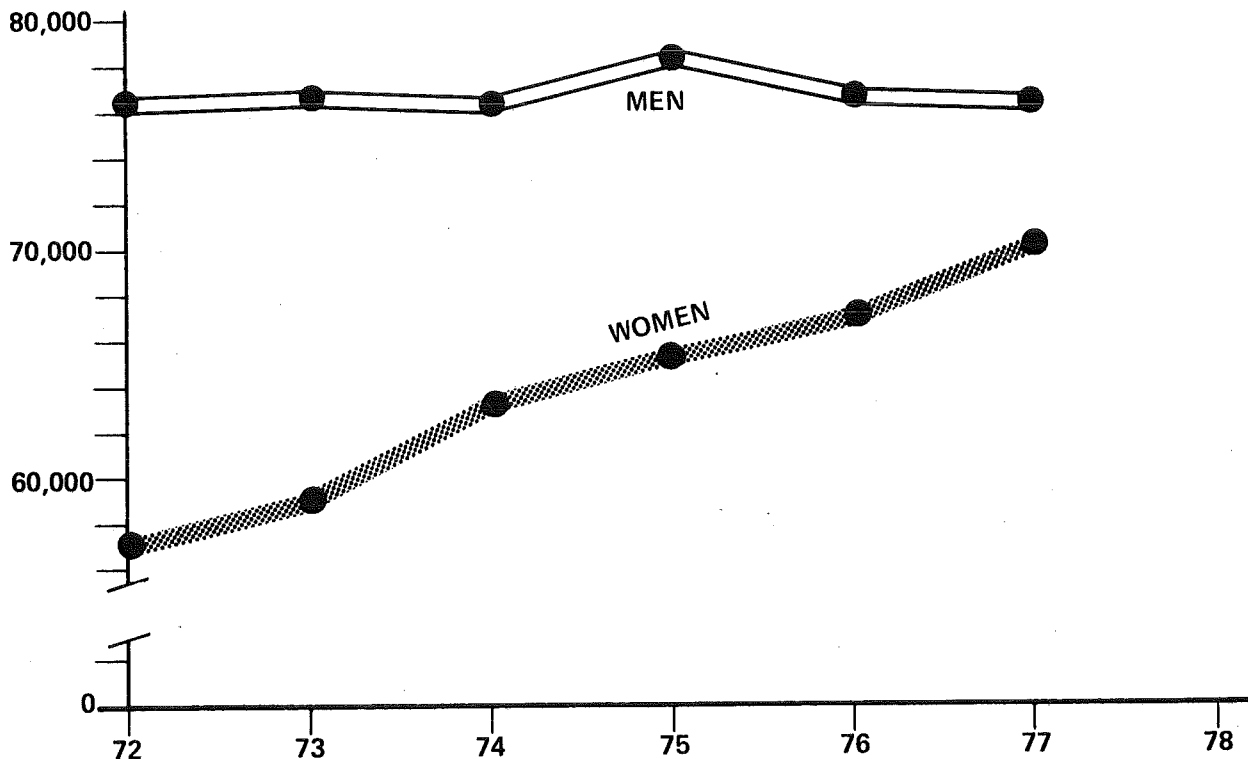
A generation ago there were at least nine municipal universities in operation. Three of them, for example, were in Ohio, at Cincinnati, Akron, and Toledo. All three are now state universities in the full sense. Similar evolution has taken place at Omaha, Wichita, Houston, and so on.

The history of old City College in Manhattan, famous as the *alma mater* of thousands of leading citizens who would not have been able to get a higher education had it not been tuition-free, and its younger brood of 17 sister colleges, makes the City University of New York much prized by most of the people of the city. They are unwilling to see it temporarily suffer by becoming a stepchild of the state and the city, while the policy-makers of state and city procrastinate.

UPSURGE OF ENROLLMENT OF WOMEN STUDENTS IS ILLUSTRATED IN WISCONSIN

WISCONSIN. The strong and steady increase in numbers of women students during the most recent five years (which is practically universal in the United States, and is taking place in many other nations as well) is exemplified in the 28-campus University of Wisconsin System.

AN INTERESTING phenomenon has been detected in the pattern of enrollments over the past five years here in the university system. In fall 1977 there were, by headcount, 13,227 more students registered systemwide than there had been in fall 1972. Of this increase, more than 99 per cent was accounted for by female students. While the number of male students enrolled in universities and at two-year centers remained quite stable, the number of female students grew significantly each year, as the figure below illustrates.



MEN	76,268	76,422	76,361	78,423	76,617	76,319
WOMEN	57,035	58,943	63,530	65,317	66,823	70,211
TOTAL	133,303	135,365	139,891	143,740	143,440	146,530

While the curves for individual institutions will not always match those above, the increase in women students was general throughout the University of Wisconsin System.

Source: *UW Memo* from the University of Wisconsin System. System Administration, Madison, WI 53706. Vol. VIII, No. 2 (15 August 1978).